CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Claim Amendment Summary

Claims pending

• Before this Amendment: Claims 1-26.

• After this Amendment: Claims 1-14 and 16-26.

Non-Elected, Canceled, or Withdrawn claims: 15.

Amended claims: 1, 7-8, 14, 18 and 22.

New claims: None.

Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for modeling image attention,

the method comprising:

preprocessing an image to generate a quantized set of image blocks; and

generating a contrast-based saliency map for modeling one-to-three levels

of image attention from the quantized image blocks; and

performing a fuzzy growing operation to extract attended areas from the

contrast-based saliency map, the fuzzy growing operation comprising:

partitioning the contrast-based saliency map into two mutually

exclusive areas as a function of classes of pixels comprising attended and

unattended pixel areas:

selecting seeds for the fuzzy growing operation according to a set of

criteria such that a seed has a local maximum contrast with respect to

other regional perception units and the seed belongs to an attended area;

grouping pixels in the contrast-based saliency map with gray levels

that satisfy criteria that indicate attended as compared to unattended

areas; and

iteratively growing the attended area by using grouped pixel as

seeds in subsequent fuzzy growth operations until no candidates of the

perception units can be grouped.

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2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein preprocessing further comprises:

resizing the image such that an aspect ratio of the image is maintained; transforming the image from a first color space to a second color space that is consistent with human perception; and

making color in texture areas of the image coarser.

3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein generating the contrast-based saliency map further comprises:

dividing the image subsequent to quantization into multiple perception units; and

calculating a respective contrast of color components for each perception unit; and

normalizing calculated contrasts to smooth the contrasts.

- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising extracting attended points from the contrast-based saliency map.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising extracting an attended area from the contrast-based saliency map.

- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising extracting an attended view from the contrast-based saliency map.
- **7. (Currently Amended)** A computer-readable medium storing computer-program instructions executable by a processor for modeling image attention, the computer-program instructions when executed by the processor performing operations comprising:

preprocessing an image to generate a quantized set of image blocks; and generating a contrast-based saliency map for three-level contrast-based image attention analysis from the quantized image blocks; and

performing a fuzzy growing operation to extract attended areas from the contrast-based saliency map, the fuzzy growing operation comprising:

partitioning the contrast-based saliency map into two mutually exclusive areas as a function of classes of pixels comprising attended and unattended pixel areas;

selecting seeds for the fuzzy growing operation according to a set of criteria such that a seed has a local maximum contrast with respect to other regional perception units and the seed belongs to an attended area;

grouping pixels in the contrast-based saliency map with gray levels that satisfy criteria that indicate attended as compared to unattended areas; and

iteratively growing the attended area by using grouped pixel as seeds in subsequent fuzzy growth operations until no candidates of the perception units can be grouped.

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8. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium storing computer-program instructions executable by a processor, the computer-program instructions when executed by the processor for modeling image attention by operations comprising:

generating a preprocessed image by:

resizing the image such that an aspect ratio of the image is maintained; and

if the image is not already in a color space that is consistent with human perception, transforming the image from a first color space to a second color space that is consistent with human perception;

quantizing the preprocessed image to generate quantized image perception units such that color in texture areas across the quantized image perception units are coarser as compared to the image; and

generating a contrast-based saliency map from the quantized image blocks, the contrast-based saliency map comprising a respective contrast of color components for each perception unit; and

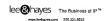
performing a fuzzy growing operation to extract attended areas from the contrast-based saliency map, the fuzzy growing operation comprising:

partitioning the contrast-based saliency map into two mutually exclusive areas as a function of classes of pixels comprising attended and unattended pixel areas;

selecting seeds for the fuzzy growing operation according to a set of criteria such that a seed has a local maximum contrast with respect to other regional perception units and the seed belongs to an attended area;

grouping pixels in the contrast-based saliency map with gray levels that satisfy criteria that indicate attended as compared to unattended areas; and

iteratively growing the attended area by using grouped pixel as seeds in subsequent fuzzy growth operations until no candidates of the perception units can be grouped.



9. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 8, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for extracting attended points from the contrast-based saliency map.

10. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 8, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for extracting an attended view from the contrast-based saliency map.

11. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 8, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for extracting an attended view from the contrast-based saliency map, the attended view being a rectangle V(C, W, H), where C denotes an attention center, and W and H are the width and height of rectangle respectively, the attention center being a centroid of the contrast-based saliency map.

12. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 8, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for determining a size of an attended view in the contrast-based saliency map, the size being related to a 1st order central moment of the contrast-based saliency map.

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13. (**Previously Presented**) The computer-readable medium of claim

 $\mathbf{8}\text{,}$ wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for

extracting an attended area from the contrast-based saliency map.

14. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable medium of claim 8,

wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for

extracting attended areas from the contrast-based saliency map by performing

[[a]] the fuzzy growing operation on the contrast-based saliency map as a

function of two classes of pixels to partition the contrast-based saliency map into

two mutually exclusive areas, the two classes of pixels comprising attended and

unattended pixel areas.

15. (Canceled)

16. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim

 $8, \ \mbox{wherein}$ the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for

representing the contrast-based saliency map as a fuzzy event in probability

space to extract attended areas.

17. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 16, wherein the contrast-based saliency map 216 has L gray levels from g_0 to g_{L-1} and the histogram of saliency map is h_{k_l} k=0, ..., L-1, and wherein the computer-program instructions further for representing the contrast-based saliency map as a fuzzy event in probability space further comprise instructions for:

modeling the contrast-based saliency map by a triplet (Ω, k, P) , where $\Omega = \{g_0, g_1, ..., g_{k-1}\}$ and P is a probability measure of the occurrence of gray levels, i.e., $Pr\{g_k\} = h_k / \sum h_k$;

denoting a membership function $\mu_{s}(g_k)$ of a fuzzy set $S \in \Omega$ indicating a degree of properties comprising attended areas possessed by gray level g_{ki} and representing the properties as a fuzzy event as follows:

$$S = \sum_{g_k \in \Omega} \mu_S(g_k)/g_k$$
; and

computing a probability of the fuzzy event by:

$$P(S) = \sum_{k=0}^{L-1} \mu_S(g_k) P_r(g_k)$$
.

18. (Currently Amended) A computing device for modeling image attention, the computing device comprising a processor coupled to a memory, the memory comprising computer computer-program instructions executable by the processor for:

quantizing a preprocessed image to generate quantized image perception units such that color in texture areas across the quantized image perception units are coarser as compared to the image, the preprocessed image being a resized version of the image with an original aspect ratio and in a color space consistent with human perception; and

generating a contrast-based saliency map from the quantized image blocks, the contrast-based saliency map comprising a respective contrast of color components for each perception unit; and

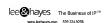
performing a fuzzy growing operation to extract attended areas from the contrast-based saliency map, the fuzzy growing operation comprising:

partitioning the contrast-based saliency map into two mutually exclusive areas as a function of classes of pixels comprising attended and unattended pixel areas;

selecting seeds for the fuzzy growing operation according to a set of criteria such that a seed has a local maximum contrast with respect to other regional perception units and the seed belongs to an attended area;

grouping pixels in the contrast-based saliency map with gray levels that satisfy criteria that indicate attended as compared to unattended areas; and

iteratively growing the attended area by using grouped pixel as seeds in subsequent fuzzy growth operations until no candidates of the perception units can be grouped.



- **19. (Previously Presented)** The computing device of claim 18, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for extracting attended points from the contrast-based saliency map.
- **20.** (**Previously Presented**) The computing device of claim 18, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for extracting an attended area from the contrast-based saliency map.
- **21. (Previously Presented)** The computing device of claim 18, wherein the computer-program instructions further comprise instructions for extracting an attended view from the contrast-based saliency map.

22. (Currently Amended) A computing device comprising:

means for preprocessing an image to generate a quantized set of image

blocks; and

means for generating a contrast-based saliency map for modeling three-

levels of image attentions from the quantized image blocks; and

means for performing a fuzzy growing operation to extract attended areas

from the contrast-based saliency map, the fuzzy growing operation comprising:

partitioning the contrast-based saliency map into two mutually

exclusive areas as a function of classes of pixels comprising attended and

unattended pixel areas;

selecting seeds for the fuzzy growing operation according to a set of

criteria such that a seed has a local maximum contrast with respect to

other regional perception units and the seed belongs to an attended area;

grouping pixels in the contrast-based saliency map with gray levels

that satisfy criteria that indicate attended as compared to unattended

areas; and

iteratively growing the attended area by using grouped pixel as

seeds in subsequent fuzzy growth operations until no candidates of the

perception units can be grouped.

23. (Previously Presented) The computing device of claim 22,

wherein the means for generating the contrast-based saliency map further

comprises:

means for dividing the image subsequent to quantization into multiple

perception units; and

means for calculating a respective contrast of color components for each

perception unit; and

means for normalizing calculated contrasts to smooth the contrasts.

24. (Previously Presented) The computing device of claim 22, further

comprising means for extracting attended points from the contrast-based

saliency map.

25. (Previously Presented) The computing device of claim 22, further

comprising means for extracting an attended area from the contrast-based

saliency map.

26. (Previously Presented) The computing device of claim 22, further

comprising means for extracting an attended view from the contrast-based

saliency map.

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